

Back-end implementation (v1)

In this section, we will show the implementation details for the back-end side of the merchant application using our [sample code](#) based on the **Auth API version 1**.

Important

GPayments strongly recommends all new implementations of **ActiveServer** to integrate with version 2 of the Auth API from the beginning, as version 1 will be deprecated in a future release. Refer to the [API migration from v1 to v2 guide](#) for a summary of the changes and migration process from **v1** to **v2**. To check the new **API v2** implementation, refer [here](#).

For the back-end, we need to implement a **3DS Requestor**. The **3DS Requestor** receives information from the **3ds-web-adapter** and sends the requests to **ActiveServer**. It also receives the authentication results from **ActiveServer** and forwards the results to the **3ds-web-adapter**.

The demo **3DS Requestor** code provides the backend implementation with the following server side languages:

- **Java**: The java version is implemented based on the Springboot framework. For details of Springboot, check out <https://spring.io/projects/spring-boot>
- **C#**: The C# version is implemented based on ASP.net.
- **PHP**: The PHP version is implemented based on PHP 7.2 with cURL (Client URL Library).
- **Go**: The Go version is implemented based on Go 1.12 with Go Module support. All dependencies are listed in `go.mod` file.

Why we need to implement a backend?

As defined by EMVCo's 3DSecure 2.0 specification, when the 3DS Server and the 3DS Requestor environment is separated, the communication between these two components must be mutual authenticated:

[Req 300] If the 3DS Requestor and 3DS Server are separate components, ensure that data transferred between the components is protected at a level that satisfies Payment System security requirements with mutual authentication of both servers.

Before starting the authentication process with **ActiveServer**, the **3DS Requestor** needs to establish a mutual TLS connection with **ActiveServer**. Make sure you have the **client certificate** and configure it with the **3DS Requestor**. If not, follow the [Get client certificate](#) and [Configure 3DS Requestor details](#) instructions found on the [Introduction](#) page.

Tip

The implementation of TLS configuration for the HTTP Client can be found as follows:

- Java: The TLS configuration and client certificate loading can be found in class `RestClientConfig.java`.
- C#: The TLS configuration and client certificate loading can be found in class `RestClientHelper.cs`.
- PHP: The TLS configuration and client certificate loading can be found in file `RestClientConfig.php`.
- Go: The TLS configuration and client certificate loading can be found in file `https.go`.

Next, we will describe the details of the back-end implementation based on the [authentication processes](#) and [authentication sequence](#).

Process 1: Initialise the Authentication

To initialise authentication, the **3DS Requestor** needs to:

- Receive the `Initialise authentication` request from the **3DS-web-adapter** ([Step. 2](#)).
- Forward the request to **ActiveServer** ([Step. 3](#)).
- Receive the response data from **ActiveServer** ([Step. 4](#)).
- Return the response data to the **3DS-web-adapter** ([Step. 5](#)).

Java C# PHP Go

```
//AuthControllerV1.java
/**
 * Receives the initialise authentication request from the 3DS-web-adapter
 (Step 2)
 * Send data to ActiveServer to Initialise Authentication
 */
@PostMapping("/v1/auth/init/{messageCategory}")
public Message initAuth(@RequestParam(value = "trans-type", required = false)
String transType,
    @RequestBody Message request,
    @PathVariable(value = "messageCategory") String messageCategory) {

    //Generate requestor trans ID
    String transId = UUID.randomUUID().toString();
    request.put("threeDSRequestorTransID", transId);
    //Fill the event call back url with requestor url + /3ds-notify
    String callBackUrl = config.getBaseUrl() + "/3ds-notify";
    request.put("eventCallBackUrl", callBackUrl);


    //ActiveServer url for Initialise Authentication
    String initAuthUrl = config.getAsAuthUrl() + "/api/v1/auth/brw/init/" +
messageCategory;

    //Add parameter trans-type=prod in the initAuthUrl to use prod DS,
otherwise use TestLabs DS
    //For example, in this demo, the initAuthUrl for transactions with prod DS
is https://api.as.testlab.3dsecure.cloud:7443/api/v1/auth/brw/init?trans-
type=prod
    //For more details, refer to: https://docs.activeserver.cloud
    if ("prod".equals(transType)) {
        initAuthUrl = initAuthUrl + "?trans-type=prod";
    }

    logger.info("initAuthRequest on url: {}, body: \n{}", initAuthUrl, request);

    //Send data to ActiveServer to Initialise authentication (Step 3)
    //Get the response data from ActiveServer (Step 4)
    Message response =
        sendRequest(initAuthUrl, request, HttpMethod.POST);
    logger.info("initAuthResponseBRW: \n{}", response);

    //Return data to 3ds-web-adapter (Step 5)
    return response;
}
```

 **Note**

We set the `eventCallbackUrl` to `{baseUrl}/3ds-notify`. This allows **ActiveServer** to make a notification when the browser information collection ([Step. 7](#)) is done. The `baseUrl` is set [here](#).

The `initAuth` request will be sent to `{ActiveServer auth url}/api/v1/auth/brw/init/{messageCategory}`. To check the data structure of `initAuth` request, refer to the [API document](#).

Important: By default, the URL above will send the authentication request to GPayments TestLabs for testing purposes. When moving into production, to send the API request to the card scheme directory server, the *trans-type query parameter* must be appended to this API URL. See API description for further information on usage.

HTTP header for Master Auth API client certificate

If you are using a [Master Auth API client certificate](#) to authenticate a **Business Admin** user on behalf of a merchant, the back-end needs to add a HTTP Header in the HTTP Request with a field of `AS-Merchant-Token`, which should be set to the [merchantToken](#) from the merchants profile.

Java C# PHP Go

```
//Note: the sendRequest() function will send the request to ActiveServer.
//If this is groupAuth, the request should include a HTTP Header with the field
of AS-Merchant-Token.
private Message sendRequest(String url, Message request, HttpMethod method) {

    HttpEntity<Message> req;
    HttpHeaders headers = null;

    if (config.isGroupAuth()) {
        //the certificate is for groupAuth, work out the header.
        headers = new HttpHeaders();
        headers.add("AS-Merchant-Token", config.getMerchantToken());
    }

    switch (method) {
        case POST:
            req = new HttpEntity<>(request, headers);
            return restTemplate.postForObject(url, req, Message.class);
        case GET:
            if (headers == null) {
                return restTemplate.getForObject(url, Message.class);
            } else {
                req = new HttpEntity<>(headers);
                return restTemplate.exchange(url, HttpMethod.GET, req,
Message.class).getBody();
            }
        default:
            return null;
    }
}
}
```

Process 2: Execute Authentication

To execute authentication, the **3DS Requestor** needs to:

- Handle the `/3ds-notify` message from **ActiveServer** called through the iframe after [Step. 7](#).
- Handle the `Execute authentication` request from the **3DS-web-adapter** ([Step. 9](#) and [Step. 10](#)).

- Receive the authentication result and return it to the **3DS-web-adapter** (Step. 12 and Step. 13).

When the browser information collection (Step. 7) is done, **ActiveServer** makes a notification to the `eventCallbackUrl` which we set to `http://localhost:8082/3ds-notify`. The **3DS Requestor** handles this notification and passes the required parameters to the `notify-3ds-events.html` page.

Java C# PHP Go

```
//MainController.java
@PostMapping("/3ds-notify")
public String notifyResult(
    @RequestParam("requestorTransId") String transId,
    @RequestParam("event") String callbackType,
    @RequestParam(name = "param", required = false) String param,
    Model model) {

    String callbackName;
    if ("3DSMethodFinished".equals(callbackType)) {

        callbackName = "_on3DSMethodFinished";

    } else if ("3DSMethodSkipped".equals(callbackType)) {

        callbackName = "_on3DSMethodSkipped";

    } else if ("AuthResultReady".equals(callbackType)) {

        callbackName = "_onAuthResult";


    } else if ("InitAuthTimedOut".equals(callbackType)) {

        callbackName = "_onInitAuthTimedOut";

    } else {
        throw new IllegalArgumentException("invalid callback type");
    }

    model.addAttribute("transId", transId);
    model.addAttribute("callbackName", callbackName);
    model.addAttribute("callbackParam", param);

    return "notify_3ds_events";
}
```

 **Note**

This handler is called by **ActiveServer**, parameters `requestorTransId`, `event` and an optional `param` will be provided by **ActiveServer**. The `event` can be `3DSMethodFinished`, `3DSMethodSkipped`, `InitAuthTimedOut` or `AuthResultReady`. For descriptions of each event refer to our API document for the field `eventCallbackUrl`. The handler method then sets the proper attribute in the page context and returns to the `notify_3ds_events.html` page. The page then renders the content with **Mustache** templating engine.

To check the front-end implementation of `notify_3ds_events.html`, refer [here](#).

Then when the 3DS client is finished browser information collecting, it will call the `auth` endpoint to start the authentication. The **3DS Requestor** handles the `Execute authentication` requests ([Step. 9](#), [Step. 10](#), [Step. 12](#), and [Step. 13](#)).

Java **C#**

```
//AuthControllerV1.java
/**
 * Receives the Execute authentication request from the 3DS-web-adapter (Step 9)
 * Send data to ActiveServer to Execute Authentication
 */
@PostMapping("/v1/auth")
public Message auth(@RequestBody Message request) {

    //ActiveServer url for Execute Authentication
    String authUrl = config.getAsAuthUrl() + "/api/v1/auth/brw";
    logger.info("requesting BRW Auth API {}, body: \n{}", authUrl, request);

    //Send data to ActiveServer to Execute Authentication (Step 10)
    //Get the response data from ActiveServer (Step 12)
    Message response =
        sendRequest(authUrl, request, HttpMethod.POST);
    logger.info("authResponseBRW: \n{}", response);

    //Return data to 3ds-web-adapter (Step 13)
    return response;
}
```

```PHP tab= hl\_lines="7 16" <?php //AuthControllerV1.php /\*\* \* Receives the Execute authentication request from the 3DS-web-adapter (Step 9) Send data to \* ActiveSer