Authentication sequence

The sequence diagram below breaks down the process of a 3DS2 authentication, step by step, explicitly focusing on how the **3DS Requestor** functions inside the 3DS2 flow, using **GPayments'** APIs.

If any of the steps are part of the **3DS Requestor environment** process, they will be marked as ←3DS Requestor process for your reference, as these steps are provided as demo code and may require customisation to fit your requirements.



Note

Implementation of the **3DS web adapter** at the front end, and the **3DS Requestor** at the back end, is required to integrate ActiveServer.

· Process 1: Initialise Authentication

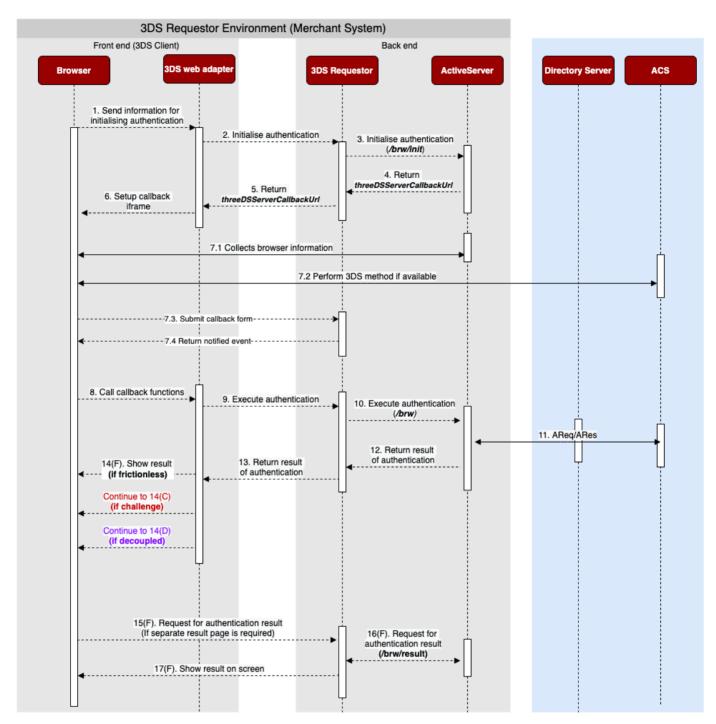
Step 1 to Step 7

Process 2: Execute Authentication

- Frictionless flow Step 8 to Step 13, and Step 14(F)
- Challenge flow Step 8 to Step 13, and Step 14(C) to Step 21(C)
- Decoupled flow Step 8 to Step 13, and Step 14(D) Step 17.1(D)

Process 3: Get Authentication Result

- Frictionless flow Step 15(F) to Step 17(F)
- Challenge flow Step 22(C) to Step 28(C)
- Decoupled flow Step 15(D) to Step 22(D)



- · Dashed arrows are messages that are part of 3DS Requestor
- Solid arrows are messages that are not part of 3DS Requestor

1. Send information for initialising authentication ←3DS Requestor process

• Information for initialising authentication obtained from the checkout page, such as the card number, is sent to the **3DS web adapter**. This is a simple JavaScript simulating how the front end system of 3DS Requestor works.

2. Initialise authentication ←3DS Requestor process

 3DS web adapter makes a POST request to the 3DS Requestor with information collected from the checkout page and requests the 3DS Requestor to initialise authentication.

3. Initialise authentication ←3DS Requestor process

- The **3DS Requestor** obtains the information from the front end and makes a POST API call to the **initAuth** end point to initialise authentication.
- An important field sent here is the eventCallbackUrl, which will be required to start
 Step 8 to allow ActiveServer to callback to this URL to notify the end of the browser
 information collection.

4. Return threeDSServerCallbackUrl

• A successful response from initAuth end point contains threeDSServerCallbackUrl and threeDSServerTransID.



RBC

The threeDSServerCallbackUrl and monUrl can potentially be null in the response when skipAutoBrowserInfoCollect is true, and 3DS Method is not available or the acctNumber was not provided. In this scenario threeDSMethodAvailable will also be false.

5. Return threeDSServerCallbackUrl ←3DS Requestor process

• The **3DS Requestor** returns the threeDSServerCallbackUrl back to the **3DS web** adapter.

6. Setup callback iframe ←3DS Requestor process

• Insert a hidden iframe, with src set to threeDSServerCallbackUrl. This will allow ActiveServer to connect to the 3DS Requestor. ActiveServer will callback to this iframe.



RBC

If the threeDSServerCallbackUrl is null, you may skip inserting the iframe. The requestor should proceed to Step 10.

7. Info collecting page flow (browser and/or 3DS Method)

7.1 Collects browser information

ActiveServer collects the browser information via the iframe, this a required field to be sent in AReq process.



RBC

When skipAutoBrowserInfoCollect is true, ActiveServer will skip collecting the browser info automatically.

7.2 Perform 3DS method

 ActiveServer facilitates the optional 3DS method data collecting for the ACS if the 3DS method is available. The ACS then collects the 3DS method data via the prepared iframe.

7.3 Submits callback form

- As a result of Step. 7.1 or Step 7.2, the callback form is returned containing a hidden HTML form. This form is submitted immediately as soon as it renders which notifies the requestor that browser information collecting or 3DS method has finished.
- If 3DS method was not performed due to being unavailable, the event will be set to 3DSMethodSkipped. Otherwise, 3DSMethodFinished will be returned. Along with param attribute set to the base64 encoded browser information collected by ActiveServer.



3DS method monitoring

ActiveServer also provides a fail safe mechanism if the 3DS method failed to be performed by the ACS. The 3DS requestor can use the monUrl to setup an monitoring iframe which will notify an event InitAuthTimedOut if 3DS method is available but did not complete within 10 seconds. It is recommended to continue with authentication when the 3DS requestor receive InitAuthTimedOut event, and param attribute will be set to the base64 encoded browser information.

7.4 Return notified event

- The 3DS Requestor delivers the events to the front-end. When the event is notified and it is either 3DSMethodFinished, 3DSMethodSkipped or InitAuthTimedOut, the 3DS requestor can now continue with Execute authentication process as the ActiveServer is now ready to perform authentication.
- Alternatively, **ActiveServer** will send **3DSMethodHasError** event to the 3DS Requestor when the 3DS Method monUrl is implemented, and there was a unexpected 3DS Method

notification by the ACS after the 3DS Method timeout period. This event is only for troubleshooting and logging purposes, and the 3DS Requestor should not deliver it to the front-end, you can check the demo code for more details.

8. Call callback function ←3DS Requestor process

- During authentication initialisation, the **3DS Requestor** sends the eventCallBackUrl so that the ACS can notify the **3DS Requestor** when the 3DS method is finished or skipped. This is done through the iframe setup in Step. 7.
- Once the 3DS Requestor receives a notification, it will pass required parameters including callbackFn and render notify-3ds-events.html to the iframe. When notify_3ds_events.html is rendered it will simply call the callbackFn defined in the 3ds-web-adapter.

9. Execute authentication ←3DS Requestor process

- callbackFn can be either _on3DSMethodSkipped(), _onInitAuthTimedOut() or _on3DSMethodFinished(), all of which will end up calling doAuth(). 3DS-web-adapter will call doAuth(), which will ask the 3DS Requestor to execute the authentication.
- _onInitAuthTimedOut means that ACS did not perform the 3DS Method process in time.

10. Execute authentication ←3DS Requestor process

• The **3DS Requestor** will make a call to the **auth** end point, which will initiate the authentication processes.



RBC

The requestor must collect the browser information, the put the data into browserInfoCollected when making a call to the auth end point. Please check the requestor demo for details.

11. AReq/ARes

 An Authentication Request (AReq) is sent from ActiveServer via the Directory Server to an ACS. An Authentication Response (ARes) containing the authentication results is sent from the ACS to ActiveServer.

12. Return result of authentication

• auth end point returns a tranStatus to the 3DS Requestor.

13. Return result of authentication ←3DS Requestor process

• Return the result of authentication back to the web adaptor.



Info

If the transStatus is "C" go to Step 14(C), if "D" go to Step 14(D), otherwise Step 14(F) is optional as you already have the authentication result.

Frictionless flow specific

14(F). Show Result (if frictionless) ←3DS Requestor process

• If the authentication result has a transStatus of "Y", authSuccess() is called, which redirects the page to /auth/result?transId.

15(F). Request for authentication result (if separate result page is required) ←3DS Requestor process

- The steps outlined here is optional as you have obtained the final authentication result in Step.13 following steps may be taken if you need the authentication result on a separate screen.
- The browser notifies the **3DS Requestor** with the **transId**, and the transaction result is available for request.

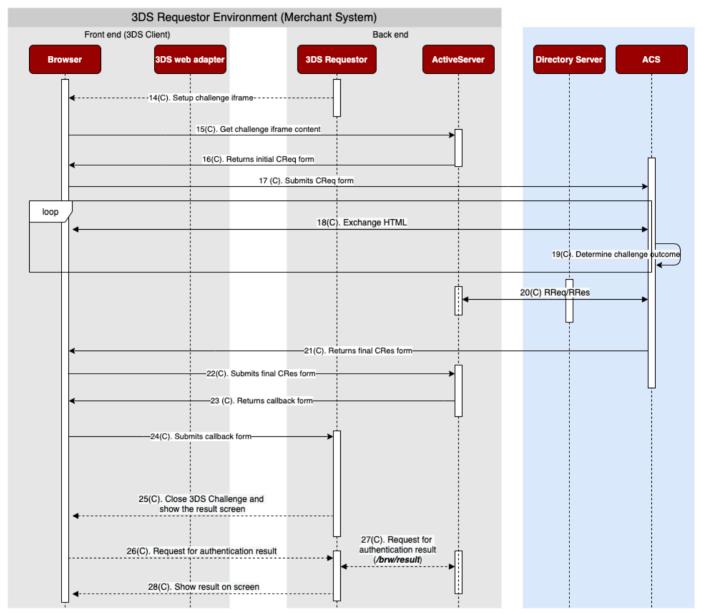
16(F). Request for authentication result ←3DS Requestor process

The 3DS Requestor will ask for a result receipt from ActiveServer by calling the result end point.

17(F). Show result on screen ←3DS Requestor process

• Use the authentication result obtained to show the result on the UI or authentication value and eci can be used to continue with the authorization process.

Challenge flow specific



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14(C). Setup iframe (if challenge) ←3DS Requestor process

• If the authentication result has a transStatus of "C", the iframe with attribute src set to the challengeUrl must be created.

15(C). Get challenge iframe content

• By setting the src attribute on the iframe, the browser will request for iframe content from ActiveServer.

16(C). Returns initial CReq form

• The <u>iframe</u> content contains an hidden initial CReq form which will be submitted automatically when the form renders inside a browser.

17(C). Submits CReq form

 ActiveServer will automatically submit the initial CReq form, and sends the initial CReq to the acsURL returned in ARes to initiate the challenge process with the ACS.

18(C). Exchange HTML

- In response to the initial CReq, ACS will render the challenging iframe content on the browser.
- The cardholder interacts with the challenge process and completes authentication with the ACS.

19(C). Determine challenge outcome

The ACS determines if the challenge performed is successful or not.

20(C). RReq/RRes

 The ACS sends a Result Request (RReq) containing the authentication results via the Directory Server to ActiveServer. ActiveServer will then acknowledge its receipt with a Result Response (RRes).

21(C). Returns final CRes form

The ACS will render a hidden final CRes form on the browser.

22(C). Submits final CRes form

• The final CRes form is submitted as soon as it has been rendered on the browser.

ActiveServer will validate the final CRes according to the EMVCo specification requirements and returns a callback form to the browser.

23(C). Returns callback form

• Callback form is returned from ActiveServer. This is an HTML containing a hidden form, which will be submitted automatically as soon as it renders on the browser.

24(C). Submits callback form

The callback form is submitted automatically with an event, AuthResultReady to the 3DS requestor backend which notifies the 3DS requestor side that final authentication result is available for request from ActiveServer.

25(C). Close 3DS Challenge and show the result screen ←3DS Requestor process

• Since the challenge is finished, the **3DS Requestor** redirects the page to /auth/result? transId.

26(C). Request for authentication result ←3DS Requestor process

• The browser notifies the **3DS Requestor** with the **transId**, and the transaction result is available for request.

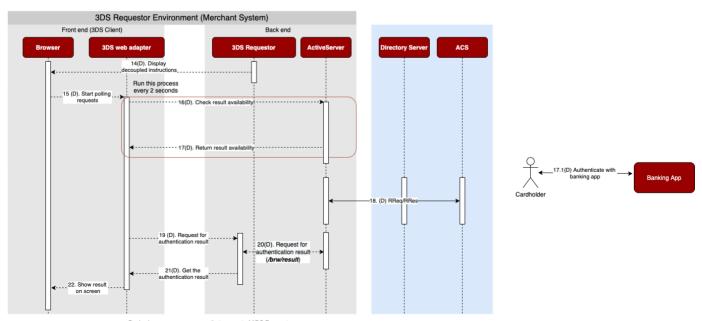
27(C). Request for authentication result (brw/result) ←3DS Requestor process

• The **3DS Requestor** asks for a result receipt from the result end point, same as Step 16(F).

28(C). Show result on screen ←3DS Requestor process

• Use the authentication result obtained to show the result on the UI or authentication value and eci can be used to continue with the authorization process.

Decoupled flow specific



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14(D). Display decoupled instructions ←3DS Requestor process

- If the authentication result has a transStatus of "D" and acsDecConInd is "Y". Then ACS has agreed to perform decoupled authentication with the cardholder. How the decoupled authentication is performed is outside the scope of 3DS.
- The ACS will return the cardholderInfo text containing information for the cardholder to follow. For example, "Please open TestBank app to continue the transaction.", asking the cardholder to a banking app and performing biometric authentication. The 3DS requestor should display this message on the UI so that the cardholder is notified on what to do next.

Important

transStatus of "D" and acsDecConInd of "Y" will only be returned if threeDSReqDecInd is set to Y in Step. 9. In other words, the decouple flow will only be executed if requested by 3DS requestor and ACS confirms the use of decoupled authentication.

15(D). Start polling for result ←3DS Requestor process

• resultMonUrl is also returned in Step. 13, this is a URL which allows the 3DS requestor to know when to ask ActiveServer for the authentication result. This URL may be called at an interval, from the browser which can be used to poll the status of result availability from the ActiveServer.

16(D). Check result availability ←3DS Requestor process

- The resultMonUrl is called to check for authentication result availability from ActiveServer.
- This process is performed at an interval, as decoupled authentication is performed outside the 3DS flow.

17(D). Return result availability ←3DS Requestor process

• The status of result availability is returned, if authentication result is available, the event field will be set to AuthResultReady, if not then AuthResultNotReady.

17.1(D). Authentication with banking app

• This step may be performed outside the 3DS flow and how this authentication is performed is outside the scope of 3DS. The cardholder may authenticate with their registered banking app for example. The authentication process may be performed at any time frame as long as the 3DS requestor specified threeDSReqDecMaxTime is not exceeded, which may be as long as 10080 minutes (168 hours).

18(D). RReq/RRes

The ACS sends a Result Request (RReq) containing the authentication results via the
 Directory Server to ActiveServer after decoupled authentication or threeDSReqDecMaxTime
 has been exceeded. ActiveServer will then acknowledge its receipt with a Result Response
 (RRes).

19(D). Request for authentication result ←3DS Requestor process

The polling result in Step. 17(D) returns AuthResultReady as now ActiveServer has
received the RReq and final authentication result is available for request.

20(D). Request for authentication result (brw/result) ←3DS Requestor process

The 3DS Requestor asks for a result receipt from the result end point, same as Step 16(F) or Step. 27(C).

21(D). Get authentication result ←3DS Requestor process

The authentication result is returned to the 3DS web adapter.

22(D). Show result on screen ←3DS Requestor process

• Use the authentication result obtained to show the result on the UI or authentication value and eci can be used to continue with the authorization process.

What's next?

Access the **Integration guide** and go through the process of integrating a merchant checkout process with **ActiveServer**.